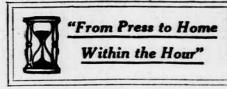
# The Evening Star.



No. 20,322.

WASHINGTON, D. C., THURSDAY, MAY 18, 1916-TWENTY-FOUR PAGES.

## REPUBLICANS PLAN DISTRICT MONEY BILL KILLS HALF AND HALF; SUBSTITUTE LACKING

Expenses to Be Paid Wholly From Local Revenues Until They Have Been Completely Exhausted.

Big Cuts Are Made in the Estimates, With 69.3 Special Attention Will Be Paid to Per Cent. Plus of the Burden Placed on the Capital City's Taxpayers.

The half-and-half principle of appropriation, provided for in the campaign on a scale to surpass ever organic act of the District of Columbia, is crudely abolished in the the memorable campaign of 1896 are District appropriation bill, reported to the House today, carrying under way by the managers of the re-\$11,631,907.34 and \$262,830 for the water department, making a total publican party. Expansion of commit-

In its place the bill offers no substitute whatsoever. Short bits features of effort in various directions of proposed legislation gouge the half-and-half plan from the law by will go to make up a political "drive" providing that the District shall use all its available revenues toward this fall of unexampled vigor, system its support and that the United States shall contribute what is neces- and thoroughness. The plans include: sarv to make up the deficit. There is no definite plan of regular and liberal appropriations by the United States and no provision making fixed and certain the tax contribution of the District resi- and senators not members of that com-

Two short paragraphs, intended possibly to meet the recommendations of the joint select committee which investigated the fiscal where the republicans hope to win. relation between the United States and the District of Columbia, destroy existing relations, but offer nothing in return.

#### WORDING OF FINANCIAL PROVISIONS.

One of these paragraphs provides that "Hereafter all appropriation that committee and putting every tions made for the support of the government of the District of man to work to help carry the House Columbia, including all sums appropriated in any general appropriation act indicated to be paid out of the District of Columbia revenues and amounts to pay the interest and sinking fund on the funded debt the national committee and strengthenof said District, shall be paid out of the revenues of the District of gressives a hand in the management Columbia to the extent that the same shall be sufficient therefor and of the campaign if reunion is effected the remainder out of any money in the Treasury not otherwise ap-

The other paragraph is the final one in all appropriation bills, "That all laws and parts of laws to the extent that they are inconsistent with this act are repealed.'

Reductions in Estimates.

The principal reductions making the

ers are to be found in the failure to

provide for the purchase of the Patter-

son tract, \$500,000, and the Dean tract,

school repairs, reduction of \$40,000.

Report on the Bill

the report on the bill, prepared for

Chairman Page by James C. Courts,

The estimates of the Commissioners

the bill is based, will be found on pages 1061 to 1177 of the Book of Estimates, and, exclusive of the amount for the

1961 to 1177 of the Book of Estimates, and, exclusive of the amount for the water service, is \$11,631,907.34.

The total amount recommended to be appropriated for the general expenses of the District of Columbia for the fiscal year 1917 in the bill submitted herewith, exclusive of the amount for the water service, is \$11,631,907.34.

The amount similarly appropriated for the general expenses of the District of Columbia for the current fiscal year (1916), including \$99,323 to cover deficiencies, is \$11,662,752.45, or \$36,845.11 more than is recommended in the accompanying bill for 1917.

The total reduction under the estimates submitted by the Commissioners is \$3,560,289.

The bill requires that the whole

From Water Service Revenues.

In addition to the total sum of \$11.-

621,907.34 appropriated by the accom-

the government of the District of Co-

payable out of the revenues of the Dis-

above, there is recommended for the

(Continued on Eleventh Page.)

A seven - hundred - thousand - dollar trict of Columbia and out of the Treas

District Share, 69.3 Per Cent.

In place of a bill modeled on the least-and-half plan a measure is ofered to the House in which the Disrict of Columbia pays for the support of the National Capital in the proporfered to the House in which the Distion of 69.3 plus and the United States pays 30.6 plus, and a condition is created whereby the United States could difference between the bill as reported and the estimates of the Commission-

millions less than the Commissioners asked for. The needs \$625,000; the failure to provide for the of the District as outlined by them to-proposed municipal garbage collection of the District as outlined proposed municipal garbage collection taled \$15,182,196.34. However, all ex- and disposal plant, \$300,000; the muisting activities have been covered in nicipal isting activities have been covered in the bill as reported to the House, and provision is made for starting several new and interesting projects. Conspicuous by its absence, however, is the authorization to change the site of the municipal hospital to an upper 14th street locality. There is no mention of this in the bill anywhere, and it is quite probable that the agitation on this proposed change is responsible for the non-appearance of the item in the bill. No provisions for new parks appear. An extraordinarily large number of new salaries are to be found in the bill, 14t more than those provided for in the current act, and an unusually large number of salary increases have been placed in the measure.

Recommendations Are Ignored.

Scarcely any of the Commissioners'

nicipal hospital. unprovided, \$150,000. Interest low, there being \$535,000 difference between the buildings and grounds estimates and the amount of \$203,000 carried in the bill. The Commissioners' plan for a central garage was left out of the bill. The Commissions and repairs to markets to the extent of \$100, to describe the bill in other large items are shown as follows: Plans for a new Aqueduct bridge, \$10,000, omitted because of concressional action on the Carlin bill: plans for a new Calvert Street bridge, \$10,000, omitted because of concressional action on the Carlin bill: plans for a new Calvert Street bridge, \$10,000, omitted sowers, reduction of \$100,000; dust prevention; three public common reductions \$63,000; parking commissioners, omitted. \$63,000; parking commissioners and care of vacation schools and play-grounds, omitted. \$70,000; longevity pay, reduction \$35,000; janitors and care school repairs, reduction of \$40,000. the bill as reported to the House, and The total school appropriation is low,

Scarcely any of the Commissioners' numerous legislative recommendations have found a way into the appropria tion bill. The proposal to place the Aqueduct bridge under the Commissioners, instead of the War Depart- clerk to the House appropriations comment, was not provided for, but in its mittee, and Marcellus Sheild, assistant place legislation is offered to provide clerk, tells exactly what changes have that the upkeep of the Aqueduct bridge been made in salaries, etc., and also and the filtration plant shall be paid gives Chairman Page's views on the for hereafter entirely from the reve- bill. The report follows: nues of the water department. Separate appropriations have been used of the District of Columbia, upon which

One of the most important provisions of the bill is the legislation providing water for the plan to effect a connection between the sewage system of the District with systems in Maryland. This plan, on which Asa E. Phillips, superintendent of sewers of the District of Columbia, has worked for many years, is designed to prevent Maryland towns from using Rock creek and other streams as sewers, thus giving Washington the bad end of the bargain. The ington the bad end of the bargain. The total reduction under the estimated action, and the authorities now will be in a position to work out plans whereby the Maryland system can be hitched up to the District system and insure pure streams. Otherwise Maryland might, dump sewage into Rock creek or the Potomac, and the District's expensive system for keeping these streams clean within its own borders would go for naught. would go for naught.

### Summer Camp for Cadets.

A camp for summer instruction of the High School Cadets is provided for, panying bill for general expenses of with an appropriation of \$3,000 for expenses, and authority for using War lumbia for the fiscal year 1917, and Department equipage.

eastern high school is started by an ury of the United States, as stated initial appropriation. The Columbia Hospital for Women is

taken over under the District govern-A reformatory for long-term prison-ers is authorized to be built at Occo-

water service, payable wholly from the water revenues, \$262,830.

The whole sum appropriated by the bill, including appropriations payable out of the revenues of the District and the general Treasury, respectively, and the appropriations for the water service, payable wholly out of the water revenues, amounts to \$11,894,737.34, being \$3,578,-929 less than the estimates submitted to ers is authorized to be built at Occoquan, and the Attorney General authorized to transfer to it prisoners originally sentenced from the District to federal penitentiaries.

The provision, which failed in the legislative bill, that the gas companies shall charge the District only 70 cents for gas is found in the District bill.

A paragraph authorizing the Commissioners to charge rents for vault spaces under sidewalks is included.

The bill also carries a perfected amounts to \$11,891,131.34, being \$3,578,-929 less than the estimates submitted to Congress, and \$55,170.11 less than the whole appropriations made for the cur-rent fiscal year 1916. The total general revenues of the Dis-trict of Columbia for the fiscal year 1917, it is estimated, will amount to \$8,235,-959. 050.

The foregoing sum is in amount \$3,396,-857.34 less than the whole sum of the The bill also carries a perfected "Borland amendment," whereby the

POLITICAL "DRIVE" Campaign Will Be the Most **Elaborate Since That** of 1896.

PROGRESSIVES TO HAVE HAND IN MANAGEMENT

Senatorial Elections and to Publicity Work.

Preparations for a national political

2. As another new feature, expansion of the congressional campaign committee organization through the appointment of seven subcommittees, compris-

#### of Representatives. Progressives to Take a Hand.

3. A similar disposition of forces in at Chicago.

at Chicago.

4. Utilization to the utmost of Jonathan Bourne's Half-million-dollar Republican Publicity Association, which has been at work for more than a year, and which has already collected campaign contributions known to run into large figures.

The formation of a senatorial campaign committee is a distinct departure, designed to look after the interests of senatorial candidacies as the congressional committee looks after nominations for the House. The idea originated with republican senators, and the details will be worked out at Chicago after the reorganization of the national committee.

after the reorganization of the national committee.

After the elections of 1914 the republicans found to their chagrin that in at least two states a reasonable amount of effort might have elected republican senators. At the time it was "everybody's business" to watch the campaign, which of course, resulted in it being nobody's business and the democrats walked away with the prizes practically by default, it is claimed.

Congressional Committee Expanded The republican national congressional campaign committee has already ex tion upon a larger scale than ever before known, and will wage the mos vigorous campaign since the hot fifthts of 1898 and 1900. The executive committee has been expanded from nine members to seventeen and endowed with wider authority. Representative capture a redoubt at Avocourt. The William B. McKinley of Illinois has been chosen chairman of the executive the Germans were repulsed each time committee, with Representative Tilson and that they lost heavily. of Connecticut vice chairman. Representative Miller of Delaware secretary and former Senator Nathan B. Scott,

A subcommittee on ways and mean has been appointed, of which Representative Esch of Wisconsin is chairman. There is a subcommittee on organization, Representative Halvon man. There is a subcommittee on organization, Representative Halvor Steenerson, chairman; a subcommittee on auditing, Representative Mondell, chairman; a subcommittee on finance, Representative Austin of Tennessee, chairman; a subcommittee on literature, Representative Kahn of California, chairman; on publicity, Representative Fess of Ohio, chairman; on speakers, with Representative Slemp of Virginia, chairman, and on law, with Representative Graham of Pennsylvania, chairman. W. Tyler Page of Maryland is assistant secretary of the executive committee.

is assistant secretary of the executive committee.

Representative Woods of Jowa is chairman and John C. Eversman secretary of the full committee.

The congressional committee will maintain headquarters in Chicago during the convention, and thereafter will open headquarters in New York and Chicago. The committee is highly confident of carrying the House in November, but wants to make the majority as sweeping as possible, and to that end will, as stated, conduct probably the most extensive congressional campaign waged for many years.

## Ouestion of an Advertiser Answered.

paign waged for many years.

An advertiser particularly interested in the Northeast has asked about the relative circulation of the different Sunday newspapers in that section of

In the recent test census, out of 116 homes visited where Sunday newspapers were read, on ten different blocks scattered throughout the Northeast section, 92 families read The Sunday Star, 45 read the Sunday Post, 33 read the Sunday Times and 31 read the Sunday Herald.

This test census fairly indicates that in the homes in the Northeast section of the city The Sunday Star has double the circulation of the Sunday Post, and has about three times as many readers as either of the one-cent Sunday newspapers.

If you live in the Northeast and you are not reading The Sunday Star you are missing the best Sunday newspaper in Washington and the most popular in every section.



# GERMANS HURLING FORCES ON FRENCH

Paris Claims Repulse of Several Attacks in Vicinity of Avocourt.

TEUTON FORT AT HILL 304 IS REPORTED CAPTURED

Berlin Says Kaiser's Men Have Checked Three Assaults of Enemy.

LONDON, May 18 .- Several attacks vere made by German troops on the Verdun front last night in an effort to official French statement of today says

French troops after severe fighting aptured a German fort on the northeast slope of Hill 304.

The repulse this morning of three atacks by the French against German positions on Hill 304 was announced by the German war office today. One German trench north of Hill 287 was raided by French forces which killed or captured the occupants of

On the Verdun front east of the Meuse the artillery on both sides was active during the night.

Two French aeroplanes dropped eighty more shells on the railway station at Metz the night of May 16.

#### British Statement. The British official statement on the

ampaign in France and Belgium reads: "There have been considerable artillery and trench mortar actions Wednesday about Auchonvillers, Cabaret Rouge, Souchez, Calonne, Cuinchy, the Hohenzollern redoubt and Ypres. There rion Letcher, arrived here this afterhas been intermittent shelling at other points along the front.

trenches north of Roclincourt. Five Germans were killed in their trenches.

A third, attacked by one of our scouts, was seen to turn upside down near the

was seen ground.

"One of our reconnoissance machines failed to return. It was seen to land under control in hostile territory: One of our scout aeroplanes also is missing. A great deal of successful aerial photographic work was accomplished."

#### American Aero Flotilla Under Hot Fire When It **Goes Over Teuton Lines**

PARIS, May 18 .- The American avithe French army for the past year and who were recently brought together to form a flotilla under the name of the Franco-American Flying Corps, took part in an expedition over the German lines yesterday for the first time as a separate unit. They sustain-

## D. C. APPROPRIATION BILL TO COME UP MONDAY, IS HOUSE LEADERS' DECISION

At a conference of House leaders late this afternoon it was decided to take up the District appropriation bill Monday as soon as the House meets. Chairman Page, in charge of the bill, introduced a resolution today to provide for a special rule making in order seven of the legislative provisions in the bill. The rules committee is expected to meet Monday morning and report the rule.

The legislation contained in the Page resolution today, which cannot be stricken out on a point of order if the rule is adopted by the House, is the following:

The legislation abolishing the half-and-half plan, paragraph affecting the paving on 7th street near the market, the Columbia Hospital legislation, the change in the law affecting the Occoquan reformatory, the 70 cent gas paragraph, the paragraph requiring that all fees and assessments and other receipts from the District shall be credited wholly to the District of Columbia, the provision to collect vault space rent, the amendment to the Borland provision and the legislation to prevent pollution of District of Columbia waters by Maryland sewer systems.

#### ed particularly heavy shelling as they recrossed the front ...

recrossed the front.

The machine piloted by Lieut. William K. Thaw of Pittsburgh lost part of its tailpiece, and the propeller was damaged by a shell, but Lieut. Thaw brought it safely back to camp.

Corp. Victor Chapman's machine was also hit and driven out of its course, returning so late to its base as to cause anxiety regarding Chapman's fate.

Corp. J. M. McConnell of Carthage, N. C., was flying at a height of 12,000 feet, but German shells burst all

around him, showing that the range of the German anti-aircraft guns has been lengthened.

The flotilla started at daybreak and spent nearly two hours reconnoitering under sustained fire, but encountered no German machines, and no one was wounded. Sergt, Elliott Cowdin of New York, Corp, Kiffen Rockwell of Atlanta, Ga.; Sergt, Norman Prince of Boston and Sergt, Hall of Galveston, Tex., also took part in the expedition.

Three more Franco-American flotillas are to be organized from the forty additional American volunteers now in training.

## ARRIVES AT THE BORDER

EL PASO, Tex., May 18.-A number of Americans, among them Consul Ma-

noon from Chihuahua City. Mr. Letcher said all was quiet in Chi-"Wednesday night raiding parties of huahua City and there was no expres-Seaforth Highlanders entered German sion of anti-American feeling there. He said he probably would return soon. The other Americans, six in num-Three dugouts full of Germans were ber, said they had decided that in view bombed, one being blown up. Our cas-ualties were slight. The whole of the raiding parties got back to our twenty-five Americans remain in Chitwenty-five Americans remain in Chi-

trenches.

"Fighting continued among the craters of mines we blew up on the 15th on the Vimy ridge.

Combats in the Air.

"Tuesday fine weather favored aerial activity, and twenty-seven combats in the air took place. An Albatross was attacked and driven down wrecked near Lille. Another was driven down north of Vitry in a damaged condition. A third, attacked by one of our scouts. Was seen to turn upside down near the

#### British Seize Dutch Mail. BERLIN, May 18 .- A dispatch from The

Hague to the Overseas News Agency says that all the first-class mail on board the Dutch steamship Bandoeng, bound from Botterdam for Batavia, has been taken off by the British authorities.

# TOLD TO SEE FUNSTON

Consuls Along Mexican Border Ordered to El

American consuls and vice consuls at Chihuahua, Juarez, Nogales, Durango, Aguascalientes and Monterey have been ordered to El Paso to confer with Maj. Gen, Funston. It was announced that the purpose is to provide closer cooperation between the American civil tion. and military authorities in watching developments in the border region, but it may have a bearing on the ultimate withdrawal of the American forces. The government is depending on the

consuls for information of the progress the Carranza government is making in controlling the situation, upon which U. S. CONSUL AT CHIHUAHUA depends the time of the withdrawal of depends the time of the withdrawal of Gen. Pershing's forces. Consul Letcher, at Chihuahua, probably will come to Washington later to make a report. Official advices of the rescue of Deemer and Payne, the two Americans carried off by Mexican bandits after the Glenn Springs and Boquillas raids, say Col. Sibley and-the expedition after the Boquillas raiders were yesterday at Los Alamos, forty miles south of the border, while Maj. Langhorne's troops were last reported near Cerro Blanco, where they struck the bandits, wounding and taking two. Both forces wounding and taking two. Both for now are spread out in small detach-

### AMERICAN CONVICTED FOR PART IN REBELLION

LONDON, May 18, 4:35 p.m.-Jeremiah Lynch of New York has been tried and convicted by a court-martial in Dublin on a charge of participating in the Irish rebellion.

The sentence was to be promulgated today, but no word has been received by the American embassy here as to what sentence was imposed.

Balkan Nations in Agreement. BERLIN, May 18.—The negotiations etween Rumania and Bulgaria for the interchange of goods, which were threatened with failure for a time, are

# SOUTH'S VETERANS MEET HERE IN 1917

Washington Takes Confederate Reunion From Tulsa, Okla., and Memphis.

## SONS ARE TO MERGE WITH THE OLDER BODY

Under Sky Gray as Their Uniforms Old Soldiers Close Birmingham Gathering With Parade.

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., May 18.-The o parade down Pennsylvania avenue nd be reviewed by the President of he United States led them to choose Washington, D. C., for the 1917 reunion city at the closing business seson of their reunion here last night. Tulsa, Okla., and Memphis, Tenn., reeived the next highest votes, in the

order named.

Washington's claims for the honor of entertaining the "boys in gray" next year were presented by Col. Hilary A. Herbert, Secretary of the Navy in the cabinet of the late President Cleveland. In an eloquent speech Mr. Herbert pointed to the historic features surrounding such an invasion of the capital of the country with a message of peace at a time when the international relations of the nation are strained to a high tension.

The movement, he said, was started by Hancock Corps of the Grand Army of the Republic, which desired that the old soldiers in gray be accorded the same privileges and pleasures in their Neticell Control of the control of

#### Others Supporting Washington.

West of Georgia and Mrs. Cor-

short speeches.

Gen. A. B. Booth of Louisiana insisted that the next reunion go to a southern city. He injected the negro question into the discussion for the first time, declaring that the lack of segregation laws would force southern women, as well as southern men, to mix with negroes promiscously in street with negroes promiscously in street ending the defense has correctly stated in the great majority of cases. The court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that there are cases of the court is aware that the court

with negroes promiscously in street cars and other public places.

J. P. Norfleet, former commander-inchief of the Sons of Veterans, and Mrs.

J. T. Latham made enthusiastic speeches in favor of Memphis, while the claims of Tulsa, the other contestant, were voiced by Tate Brady of Tulsa and William D. Matthews of Oklahoma City.

### Sons to Merge With Veterans.

The recommendations of the resoluions committee, with the exception of one favoring a reduction in the salary \$1,500 annually and another favoring he consolidation of the veterans and Sons of Veterans' organizations, were referred to the commanding general and the heads of the three departments. The resolution favoring the consolidation of the two organizations was adopted, and a committee composed of the general officers and one representative from each division was appointed to co-operate with a similar committee from the Sons, to report at the next reunion.

The effort to reduce the adjutant general's salary failed when it was

they prepared for the grand parade, the closing feature of the reunion.

The gayety of the grand reunion ball was marred last night by the death of John A. McKey, seventy-five years old, of Birmingham. He expired on the ballcoom floor just after telling a party of oung people that when he died he would like to go amid a scene of such happiness." The body was removed quickly and comparatively few of the dancers knew of the occurrence.

Birmingham's resolution to care for old veterans first has resulted in few accidents and cases of illness. Plenty of cots were furnished in the downtown buildings and at the camp at the fair At the latter place the soldiers were placed in the buildings and more than 4,500 men were cared for.

### Washingtonians Pleased at Selection of City for

Business men and leaders in civic affairs of Washington are happy today over the selection of the National Captital as the meeting place for the 1917 reunion of the United Confederate Vetagorian versus on the confederate Vetagorian captital as the meeting place for the 1917 reunion of the United Confederate Vetagorian captital as the meeting place for the 1917 reunion of the United Confederate Vetagorian captital captital caption of the Mark State of Captilla Captill avenue next door to the bank

Word that Washington had been selected was received last night from Birmingham, where the veterans are holding their reunion, and the information was communicated to those who

# FIGHT ON WITNESS BY RIGGS DEFENSE

ONE CENT.

Tries Unsuccessfully to Prevent Recalling to Stand of W. Morris Lammond.

#### **BUSINESS WITH BROKERS** IS EXAMINED IN DETAIL

William A. Mearns Tells of Bank's First Connection With Lewis Johnson & Co.

Trial of the Riggs National Bank dent; W. J. Flather, vice president, and Henry H. Flather, former cashier, are charged with perjury, continued in Criminal Court No. 1 today, the chief feature of the earlier session of the day ernment to recall to the witness stand W. Morris Lammond.

Notwithstanding the fact that Lamcused from the witness stand vester day, and that vigorous objections were the defense, against recalling him. Justice Siddons ruled-that the government stand.

Mr. Hogan said: "The defendants contend that your honor has not exer cised the judicial discretion disposed in you, but your honor has, in the lan-

#### Defense Notes an Exception.

Mr. Hogan said that there is a general rule and established practice which, if nelia Branch Stone of Galveston, Tex., Observed, would have prevented the recall to the stand of Mr. Lammond after his cross examination, and the defense

the next reunion.

The effort to reduce the adjutant general's salary failed when it was learned that the constitution leaves that matter in the hands of the executive council and commander-in-chief.

At the election of officers late in the afternoon Gen. George P. Harrison, commander of the Alabama division of the United Confederate Veterans, was selected commander-in-chief of the veterans, succeeding Gen. Bennett Young of Louisville, Ky.. who refused to permit his name to be presented as a candidate for re-election. Other officers named were:

Commander department of the army of Tennessee, Gen. John P. Hickman of Tennessee, Gen. John P. Hickman of Tennessee, Gen. John P. Hickman of Tennessee, Gen. John Brown of Virginia, Gen. John Brown of Virginia, Gen. John Brown of Virginia.

A number of speakers insisted Gen. Young should not be permitted to rettre absolutely and the title of honorary president for life was conferred upon him by unanimous vote of the convention.

Dies on Ballroom Floor.

A sky as gray as the uniforms they were greeted the veterans today when they prepared for the grand parade, the

## tine character, but there was much in-terest in the appearance on the stand of William A. Mearns. Established Bank Connection.

In the direct examination of William A. Mearns this morning, he testified that Lewis Johnson & Co. had had an opportunity to take over the brokerage business of the Washington branch of the New York firm of Post & Flagg, when this firm, he said, decided to give up the Washington business. This firm, he said, had been executing brokerage orders for Riggs

cuting brokerage orders for Riggs bank officials and Lewis Johnson & Co. had not been.

Mearns said he went to see Mr. Glover and asked the latter could Lewis Johnson & Co. have the business. The bank was lending money to Post & Flagg, he said, and he inquired could Lewis Johnson & Co. have such accommodation. The witness testified Mr. Glover told him that because of the fear of panic conditions—this was in 1907—it was a bad time to enter upon new business arrangements, but that if Mearns and his partners thought it all right to go ahead, if their collateral was all it should be and if Post & Flagg took up their loans, probably an Reunion of Confederates Flagg took up their loans, probably an arrangement could be made. Mearns testified that the relation of borrower

## Question of Bank Balance.

Continuing, the witness declared that 'some one" in the bank suggested that the late Pitt Cooke should be brought threatened with failure for a time, are board the Dutch steamship Bandoeng, bound from Botterdam for Batavia, has been taken off by the British and on both sides.

"The Mystery at Woodford's"—A New Sunday Serial

It is by WADSWORTH CAMP, a well known writer of unusual mystery stories, and its setting is a theater where the ghost of an old actor retreads the Sunday Magazine of The Sunday Star.

Hague to the Overseas News Agency threatened with failure for a time, are how progressing satisfactorily. Dispatches to the Overseas News Agency threatened with failure for a time, are mow progressing satisfactorily. Dispatches to the Overseas News Agency threatened with failure for a time, are mow progressing satisfactorily. Dispatches to the Overseas News Agency threatened with failure for a time, are mow progressing satisfactorily. Dispatches to the Overseas News Agency threatened with all the first-class who has been in the order of the G. A. R. last fall and who are look-house the feet that concessions have been made on both sides.

The invitation to Washington was signed by the District government jointly. It was signed by the presidents and secretaries of the former organizations and by the District Commissioners.

Suggests Plans for Preparation.

"I feel sure that the citizens of Washington will unite in a plan to provide entertainment for the Confederate volders.

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"The Westery at Woodford's"—A New Sunday Star.

"Good banking argument." He said our bank and into the Johnson firm with his business.